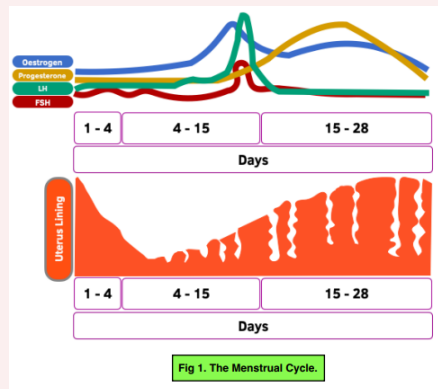


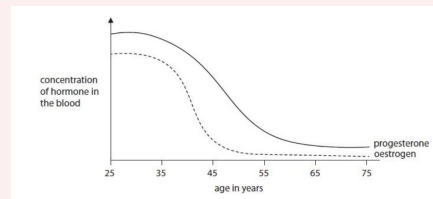
Hormones

Hormone	Produced in...	Causes...
Follicle stimulating hormone	Pituitary gland	Egg ripening and oestrogen production
Oestrogen	Ovaries	Lining of the room to develop
Luteinising hormone	Pituitary gland	Egg release and progesterone production
Progesterone	Ovaries	Lining of womb maintenance

Cycle Graph



Graph



Women over 50 are less likely to ovulate because they don't have high levels of oestrogen and high levels of oestrogen are needed for LH to build up.

Women are less likely to menstruate after the age of 60 because they too have low levels of oestrogen, so a uterus lining will not be built up so no lining will need to be lost.

Stages

Menstruation – loss of lining from the uterus, occurs at the start of the cycle if no fertilisation has occurred

The lining starts to thicken

Ovulation occurs around the middle of the cycle (about day 14), the egg travels down the oviduct towards the uterus

The lining is maintained ready to accept a fertilized egg

How hormones control the menstrual cycle

At the start of the cycle, FSH causes the egg to develop in the follicle.

FSH is released from the pituitary gland.

As progesterone and oestrogen levels are low, oestrogen starts to rise, causing the lining of the uterus to build up

The high levels of oestrogen cause a surge of LH

Progesterone is produced from the corpus luteum, causing the lining of the uterus to be maintained.

If an egg is fertilised, oestrogen and progesterone levels remain high to maintain the lining of the uterus



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